USPAP COMPLIANCE Checklist (Illinois)

Attem	pting	to Up	grade to:		☐ Certified Residential	☐ Certified General	
Applic	ant						
Supei	rvisor						
Prope	erty A	ddress	5				
City, S	State						
Effect	ive D	ate of	Value				
Board	l Men	nber					
]	This work sample has been This work sample has been This work sample has been	n DEFERRED	
Con Yes	nplia No	nce N/A			USPAP & Illinoi:	s Requirements	
			This rep	oort	matches exactly what was r	equested from Licensi	ng & Testing
			Applica	nt h	as submitted a <u>signed</u> repor	t	

Applicant's significant contribution is clear and conspicuous (if report is

License number, title & expiration (licensed appraisers ONLY)

Supervisor has signed the report (if required)

The report is legible – details are NOT redacted

unsigned by Applicant)

Compliance		Standards	IISDAD Doguiromento	
Yes	No	N/A	Rules	USPAP Requirements
			SR 1	In developing a real property appraisal, an appraiser must identify the problem to be solved, determine the scope of work necessary to solve the problem, and correctly complete research and analyses necessary to produce a credible appraisal.
In dev	/elopii	ng a re	al property ap	praisal, an appraiser must:
			1-1 (a)	be aware of, understand, and correctly employ those recognized methods and techniques that are necessary to produce a credible appraisal;
			1-1 (b)	not commit a substantial error of omission or commission that significantly affects an appraisal; and
			1-1 (c)	not render appraisal services in a careless or negligent manner, such as by making a series of errors that, although individually might not significantly affect the results of an appraisal, in the aggregate affects the credibility of those results.

Cor Yes	npliai No	nce N/A	Standards Rules	USPAP Requirements		
			1-2 (a)	identify the client and other intended users;		
			1-2 (b)	identify the intended use of the appraiser's opinions and conclusions;		
			1-2 (c)	identify the type and definition of value, and, if the value opinion to be developed is market value, ascertain whether the value is to be the most probable price: (i) in terms of cash; or (ii) in terms of financial arrangements equivalent to cash; or (iii) in other precisely defined terms; and (iv) if the opinion of value is to be based on non-market financing or financing with unusual conditions or incentives, the terms of such financing must be clearly identified and the appraiser's opinion of their contributions to or negative influence on value must be developed by analysis of relevant market data;		
			1-2 (d)	identify the effective date of the appraiser's opinions and conclusions;		
			1-2 (e)	identify the characteristics of the property that are relevant to the type and definition of value and intended use of the appraisal, including: (i) its location and physical, legal, and economic attributes; (ii) the real property interest to be valued; (iii) any personal property, trade fixtures, or intangible items that are not real property but are included in the appraisal; (iv) any known easements, restrictions, encumbrances, leases, reservations, covenants, contracts, declarations, special assessments, ordinances, or other items of a similar nature; and (v) whether the subject property is a fractional interest, physical segment, or partial holding;		
			1-2 (f)	identify any extraordinary assumptions necessary in the assignment;		
			1-2 (g)	identify any hypothetical conditions necessary in the assignment; and		
			1-2 (h)	determine the scope of work necessary to produce credible assignment results in accordance with the SCOPE OF WORK RULE.		
	nece:		or credible ass	signment results in developing a <u>market value</u> opinion, an		
			1-3 (a)	identify and analyze the effect on use and value of existing land use regulations, reasonably probable modifications of such land use regulations, economic supply and demand, the physical adaptability of the real estate, and market area trends; and		
			1-3 (b)	develop an opinion of the highest and best use of the real estate.		
	In developing a real property appraisal, an appraiser must collect, verify, and analyze all					
information necessary for credible assignment results.						
			1-4 (a)	When a sales comparison approach is necessary for credible assignment results, an appraiser must analyze such comparable sales data as are available to indicate a value conclusion.		
			1-4 (b)	When a cost approach is necessary for credible assignment results, an appraiser must: (i) develop an opinion of site value by an appropriate appraisal method or technique; (ii) analyze such comparable cost data as are available to estimate the cost new of the improvements (if any); and (iii) analyze such comparable data as are available to estimate the difference between the cost new and the present worth of the improvements (accrued depreciation).		

Cor Yes	npliai No	nce N/A	Standards Rules	USPAP Requirements	
			1-4 (c)	When an income approach is necessary for credible assignment results, an appraiser must: (i) analyze such comparable rental data as are available and/or the potential earnings capacity of the property to estimate the gross income potential of the property; (ii) analyze such comparable operating expense data as are available to estimate the operating expenses of the property; (iii) analyze such comparable data as are available to estimate rates of capitalization and/or rates of discount; and (iv) base projections of future rent and/or income potential and expenses on reasonably clear and appropriate evidence.	
			1-4 (d)	When developing an opinion of the value of a leased fee estate or a leasehold estate, an appraiser must analyze the effect on value, if any, of the terms and conditions of the lease(s).	
			1-4 (e)	When analyzing the assemblage of the various estates or component parts of a property, an appraiser must analyze the effect on value, if any, of the assemblage. An appraiser must refrain from valuing the whole solely by adding together the individual values of the various estates or component parts.	
			1-4 (f)	When analyzing anticipated public or private improvements, located on or off the site, an appraiser must analyze the effect on value, if any, of such anticipated improvements to the extent they are reflected in market actions.	
			1-4 (g)	When personal property, trade fixtures, or intangible items are included in the appraisal, the appraiser must analyze the effect on value of such non-real property items.	
				veloped is <u>market value</u> , an appraiser must, if such information is normal course of business:	
			1-5 (a)	analyze all agreements of sale, options, and listings of the subject property current as of the effective date of the appraisal; and	
			1-5 (b)	analyze all sales of the subject property that occurred within the three (3) years prior to the effective date of the appraisal.	
In dev	/elopi	ng a re	al property app	oraisal, an appraiser must:	
			1-6 (a)	reconcile the quality and quantity of data available and analyzed within the approaches used; and	
			1-6 (b)	reconcile the applicability and relevance of the approaches, methods and techniques used to arrive at the value conclusion(s).	
Standard 2 In reporting the results of a real property appraisal, an appraiser must communicate each analysis, opinion, and conclusion in a manner that is not misleading. Each written or oral real property appraisal report must:					
		2-1 (a)		clearly and accurately set forth the appraisal in a manner that will not be misleading;	
		2-1 (b)		contain sufficient information to enable the intended users of the appraisal to understand the report properly; and	
		2-1 (c)		clearly and accurately disclose all assumptions, extraordinary assumptions, hypothetical conditions, and limiting conditions used in the assignment.	
			2-2	Each written real property appraisal report must be prepared under one of the following three options and prominently state which option is used: Self-Contained Appraisal Report, Summary Appraisal Report, or Restricted Use Appraisal Report. (<i>Refer to the individual charts</i>)	

Yes	No	Standards Rules	
		2-3	Each written real property appraisal report must contain a signed certification that is similar in content to the following form: I certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief:
		2-4	To the extent that it is both possible and appropriate, an oral real property appraisal report must address the substantive matters set forth in Standards Rule 2-2(b).

Comments as to why the sample is deferred or rejected:

Summary (2008-2013) Appraisal Report (2014-2015)

Yes	No	
		state the identity of the client and any intended users, by name or type;
		state the intended use of the appraisal;
		summarize information sufficient to identify the real estate or personal property involved in the appraisal, including the physical and economic property characteristics relevant to the assignment;
		state the property interest appraised;
		state the type and definition of value and cite the source of the definition;
		state the effective date of the appraisal and the date of the report;
		summarize the scope of work used to develop the appraisal;
		summarize the information analyzed, the appraisal methods and techniques employed, and the reasoning that supports the analyses, opinions, and conclusions; exclusion of the sales comparison approach, cost approach, or income approach must be explained;
		state the use of the property existing as of the date of value and the use of the real estate or personal property reflected in the appraisal; and, when an opinion of highest and best use or the appropriate market or market level was developed by the appraiser, summarize the support and rationale for that opinion;
		(2014-2015) when an opinion of highest and best use or the appropriate market or market level was developed by the appraiser, summarize the support and rationale for that opinion.
		clearly and conspicuously state all extraordinary assumptions and hypothetical conditions; and that their use might have affected the assignment results; and
		include a signed certification in accordance with Standards Rule 2-3 or 8-3.

Restricted (Use) Appraisal Report

Yes	No	
		state the identity of the client by name or type; and state a prominent use restriction that limits use of the report to the client and warns that the appraiser's opinions and conclusions set forth in the report may not be understood properly without additional information in the appraiser's workfile;
		state the intended use of the appraisal;
		state information sufficient to identify the real estate or personal property involved in the appraisal;
		state the property interest appraised;
		state the type of value, and cite the source of its definition;
		state the effective date of the appraisal and the date of the report;
		state the scope of work used to develop the appraisal;
		state the appraisal methods and techniques employed, state the value opinion(s) and conclusion(s) reached and reference the workfile; exclusion of the sales comparison approach, cost approach, or income approach must be explained;
		state the use of the property existing as of the date of value and the use of the real estate or personal property reflected in the appraisal; and, when an opinion of highest and best use or the appropriate market or market level was developed by the appraiser, state that opinion;
		(2014-2015) when an opinion of highest and best use or the appropriate market or market level was developed by the appraiser, summarize the support and rationale for that opinion.
		clearly and conspicuously state all extraordinary assumptions and hypothetical conditions; and that their use might have affected the assignment results; and
		include a signed certification in accordance with Standards Rule 2-3 or 8-3.

Self-Contained Appraisal Report – Until December 31, 2013 ONLY

Yes	No	
		state the identity of the client and any intended users, by name or type;
		state the intended use of the appraisal;
		describe information sufficient to identify the real estate or personal property involved in the appraisal, including the physical and economic property characteristics relevant to the assignment;
		state the property interest appraised;
		state the type and definition of value and cite the source of the definition;
		state the effective date of the appraisal and the date of the report;
		describe the scope of work used to develop the appraisal;
		describe the information analyzed, the appraisal methods and techniques employed, and the reasoning that supports the analyses, opinions, and conclusions; exclusion of the sales comparison approach, cost approach, or income approach must be explained;
		state the use of the property existing as of the date of value and the use of the real estate or personal property reflected in the appraisal; and, when an opinion of highest and best use or the appropriate market or market level was developed by the appraiser, summarize the support and rationale for that opinion;
		clearly and conspicuously state all extraordinary assumptions and hypothetical conditions; and that their use might have affected the assignment results; and
		include a signed certification in accordance with Standards Rule 2-3 or 8-3.